## Significant Figures \#1

1. Significant figures include all $\qquad$ or $\qquad$ digits plus one $\qquad$ digit.
2. Rules for determining significant figures:

- Non- $\qquad$ numbers are $\qquad$ significant.
$\bullet$ $\qquad$ zeros are between non-zero numbers and are $\qquad$ significant.
- ___ zeros are final zeros. Significance is determined by the absence or present of the $\qquad$ .
- With a decimal point: $\qquad$ significant
- Without a decimal point: $\qquad$ significant
zeros act as placeholders and are removed when the number is converted to scientific notation. These zeros are $\qquad$ significant.
- Infinite numbers of significant figures are found in $\qquad$ numbers and defined

3. Determine the number of significant figures in the following.

- 6.6
- $7.475 \times 10^{4}$
- 80
- $6.300 \times 10^{6}$
- $5 \times 10^{-5}$

4. Calculated answers cannot be more precise than the measuring tools used to make the original measurements. Calculated answers must match the $\qquad$ precise measurements.

- When adding and subtracting, the calculated answer has the same number of $\qquad$
$\qquad$ as the measurement with the $\qquad$ decimal places.
- When multiplying and dividing, the answer has the same number of $\qquad$
$\qquad$ as the measurement with the $\qquad$ significant figures.

