

**Calculating Percent Composition** (by mass)

% composition of element = \_\_\_\_\_ x 100

Example

Calculate the percent composition of each element in sodium bicarbonate.

**Step 1:** Write the chemical formula for the compound.

Sodium bicarbonate –

**Step 2:** Calculate the molar mass of the compound.

Na:

H:

C:

O:

**Step 3:** Substitute values in the percent composition equation and solve.

$$\% \text{ Na} = \frac{\text{g Na}}{\text{g NaHCO}_3} \times 100 = \quad \%$$

$$\% \text{ H} = \frac{\text{g H}}{\text{g NaHCO}_3} \times 100 = \quad \%$$

$$\% \text{ C} = \frac{\text{g C}}{\text{g NaHCO}_3} \times 100 = \quad \%$$

$$\% \text{ O} = \frac{\text{g O}}{\text{g NaHCO}_3} \times 100 = \quad \%$$

100.0%

**Practice**

Find the percent composition of the elements in each of the following compounds:

1. Sodium nitrate

2. Ammonium sulfide

3. Aluminum oxide

## Empirical and Molecular Formulas

Empirical formula:



Molecular formula:



### Determining Empirical Formula

The percent composition of a sulfur oxide is 40.05% S and 59.95% O. Find the empirical formula.

*When percent composition is given, use the given values with \_\_\_\_\_ as the unit.*

**Step 1:** Find the number of moles of each element in the compound using \_\_\_\_\_ as the conversion factor.

$$\text{mol S} = \frac{\quad}{\quad} =$$

$$\text{mol O} = \frac{\quad}{\quad} =$$

**Step 2:** Calculate the simplest mole ratio of the elements in the compound by dividing the number of moles of each element by the \_\_\_\_\_ in the mole ratio. The resulting factor becomes the \_\_\_\_\_ for element in empirical formula.

Subscript for S: \_\_\_\_\_ =      Subscript for O: \_\_\_\_\_ =

*If the results are not whole numbers, multiply both by a factor that will result in a whole number.*

**Step 3:** Using the values calculated in Step 2 as \_\_\_\_\_, write the chemical formula. The empirical formula for the sulfur oxide is \_\_\_\_\_.

### Practice

*No work, no credit. No kidding!*

- The percent composition of ammonia is 82.4% N and 17.6% H. Find its empirical formula.
- A hydrocarbon is composed of 75% carbon and 25% H. Find its empirical formula.
- Naphthalene is composed of 93.75% carbon and 6.25% H. Find its empirical formula.

## Determining Molecular Formula

The empirical formula of propene is  $\text{CH}_2$ . What is its molecular formula if the molar mass is determined experimentally to be 42.0 grams?

**Step 1:** Find the molar mass of the empirical formula.

$$\text{C: } 1 \times 12.0 \text{ g} =$$

$$\text{H: } 2 \times 1.0 \text{ g} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

**Step 2:** Compare the mass of the molecular formula to that of the empirical formula.

$$\frac{\text{molar mass of molecular formula}}{\text{molar mass of empirical formula}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} =$$

**Step 3:** Multiply subscript of each element in the empirical formula by the resulting factor (n).

$$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ formula} = (\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ formula})_n$$

Subscripts in the empirical formula ( $\text{CH}_2$ ) are multiplied by  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ , and the molecular formula is written as  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .

## Practice

Write the molecular formulas for the following compounds. *Show all work.*

7. A compound with an empirical formula of  $\text{C}_2\text{OH}_4$  and a molar mass of 88.0 g/mol.
8. A compound with an empirical formula of  $\text{C}_4\text{H}_4\text{O}$  and a molar mass of 136.0 g/mol.
9. A deadly nerve gas with an empirical formula  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{14}\text{O}_3\text{PF}$  and a molar mass of 552.5 g/mol.
10. Nicotine with an empirical formula of  $\text{C}_5\text{H}_7\text{N}$  and a molar mass of 162.0 g/mol.

### Mixed Review

11. The percent composition for hydrogen peroxide is 5.88% H and 94.1% O.
  - a. Find its empirical formula.
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  - b. Suppose the molecular mass of hydrogen peroxide is 34.0 g/mol. Find its molecular formula.
  
12. Butene has a percent composition of 85.7% C and 14.3% H.
  - a. Find its empirical formula.
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  - b. If its molecular mass is 56 g/mol, what is its molecular formula?
  
13. A solid is found to contain 36.84% nitrogen and 63.16% oxygen.
  - a. What is the empirical formula for this compound?
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  - b. If its molar mass is found to be 152 g, determine its molecular formula.
  
14. One of the most deadly poisons, strychnine, has a molar mass of 334.0 g/mol and the composition of 75.40% C, 6.64% H, 8.38% N, and 9.58% O. Calculate the empirical and molecular formulas of strychnine, arranging the atomic symbols in alphabetical order.
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
15. Find the percent composition of water in copper sulfate pentahydrate ( $\text{CuSO}_4 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$ ).  
Hint: To find the molar mass, add the mass of five water molecules to one  $\text{CuSO}_4$ .